

WOUND CARE SUPPLIES



SELF-CARE STEPS

- 1 Clean hands with soap & water or hand sanitizer before touching wounds
- 2 Gently wash wound with soap & water or with saline at least every 2-3 days
- 3 Put ointment on gauze & place on entire wound. Cover with more dry gauze
- 4 Wrap wound with kerlix and secure with medical tape. Make sure wrap is not too tight
- 5 Cover dressing with ACE wrap or coban or with long sleeves/pants if no other option
- 6 Change dressing every 1-3 days. Watch for red flags

XYLAZINE

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AKA “Tranq” or “Tranq Dope”

A cutting agent making its way into the drug supply. Contamination with xylazine increases risk of sedation, overdose, and wounds that are hard to heal.

This guide focuses on xylazine wounds >>>

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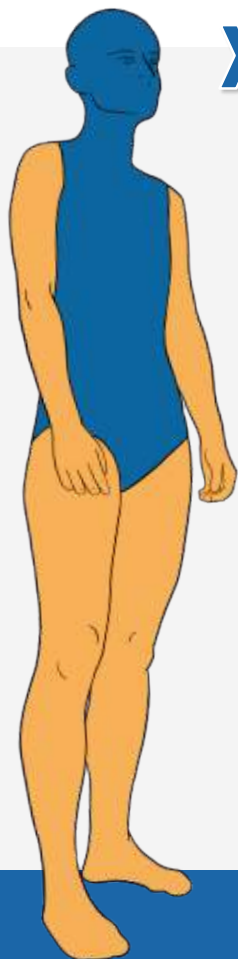


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XYLAZINE WOUNDS



Xylazine wounds can appear anywhere on the body regardless of where you are injecting, particularly in **YELLOW** areas.

Check these areas regularly for any wounds that may develop.

Wounds can occur even if you're just snorting or smoking.

RED FLAGS to SEEK MEDICAL CARE

- Fever or chills
- Skin turns dark or black
- Skin is red, hard, & hot to touch
- Thick, smelly yellow or green drainage
- Severe or worsening pain at wound site
- Pain & decreased ability to move joint
- Pieces of tissue falling off
- Exposed bone or tendon
- New numbness



Xylazine wounds can look like a combination of:

- Blisters
- Large ulcers
- Small scabs
- Eschar (dark/black pieces of dead tissue)



HELPFUL TIPS

- Keep your skin moisturized with A+D ointment
- Avoid using alcohol/hydrogen peroxide on wounds
- Keep wounds covered with a clean bandage
- Wear long sleeves, pants, socks, and gloves to prevent yourself from scratching your skin
- Eat protein & stay hydrated to help with healing
- Avoid injecting into or around your wounds
- Use new supplies every time and avoid sharing
- Not every wound is infected. Avoid taking non-prescribed antibiotics

Even though xylazine isn't an opioid, you should still give naloxone in an overdose as opioids are often present.

